PPENDIX B

Core Curriculum for Medical Assistants

FOUNDATIONS FOR CLINICAL PRACTICE CONTENT AREA I-IV

Cognitive (Knowledge) I.C Anatomy, Physiology, & Pharmacology

Psychomotor (Skills)
I.P Anatomy, Physiology, & Pharmacology

- 1. Identify structural organization of the human body
- 2. Identify body systems*
- 3. Identify:
 - a. body planes
 - b. directional terms
 - c. quadrants
 - d. body cavities
- 4. Identify major organs in each body system*
- 5. Identify the anatomical location of major organs in each body system*
- 6. Identify the structure and function of the human body across the life span
- 7. Identify the normal function of each body system*
- 8. Identify common pathology related to each body system* including:
 - a. signs
 - b. symptoms
 - c. etiology
 - d. diagnostic measures
 - e. treatment modalities
- 9. Identify Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA) waived tests associated with common diseases
- 10. Identify the classifications of medications including:

- a. the metric system
- b. the household system
- 2. Identify abbreviations used in calculating medication dosages
- 3. Identify normal and abnormal results as reported in:
 - a. graphs
 - b. tables

- Calculate proper dosages of medication for administration
- 2. k
- 3. Document on a growth chart
- 4. Apply mathematical computations to solve equations
- 5. Convert among measurement systems

Content Area III: Infection Control

Cognitive (Knowledge) III.C Infection Control

Content Area IV: Nutrition

Cognitive (Knowledge) IV. C Nutrition Psychomotor (Skills) IV. P Nutrition

- 1. Identify dietary nutrients including:
 - a. carbohydrates
 - b. fat
 - c. protein
 - d. minerals
 - e. electrolytes
 - f. vitamins
 - g. fiber
 - h. water
- 2. Identify the function of dietary supplements
- 3. Identify the special dietary needs for:
 - a. weight control

V.C Concepts of Effective Communication

V.P. Concepts of Effective Communication

- 1. Identify types of verbal and nonverbal communication
- 2. Identify communication barriers
- 3. Identify techniques for overcoming communication barriers
- 4. Identify the steps in the sender-receiver process
- 5. Identify challenges in communication with different age groups
- 6. Identify techniques for coaching a patient related to specific needs
- 7. Identify different types of electronic technology used in professional communication
- 8. Identify the following related to body systems*:
 - a. medical terms
 - b. abbreviations
- 9. Identify the principles of self-boundaries
- 10. Identify the role of the medical assistant as a patient navigator
- 11. Identify coping mechanisms
- 12. Identify subjective and objective information
- 13.

Cognitive (Knowledge) VI.C Administr

Content Area VIII: Third-Party Reimbursement

Cognitive (Knowledge)	Psychomotor (Skills)
VIII.C Third-Party Reimbursement	VIII.P Third-Party Reimbursement
 Identify: a. types of third-party plans b. steps for filing a third-party claim Identify managed care requirements for patient referral Identify processes for: a. verification of eligibility for services b. precertification/preauthorization c. tracking unpaid claims d. claim denials and appeals 	 Interpret information on an insurance card Verify eligibility for services Obtain precertification or preauthorization with documentation Complete an insurance claim form Assist a patient in understanding an Explanation of Benefits (EOB)
 4. Identify fraud and abuse as they relate to third party reimbursement 5. Define the following: a. bundling and unbundling of codes b. advanced beneficiary notice (ABN) c. allowed amount d. deductible e. co-insurance f. co-pay 6. Identify the purpose and components of the Explanation of Benefits 	
(EOB) and Remittance Advice (RA) Statements	

	Cognitive (Knowledge)	
IX.C	Procedural and Diagnostic	Coding

Psychomotor (Skills)
IX.P Procedural and Diagnostic Coding

1. Identify the current procedural and diagnostic coding systemsn

6. Identify criminal and civil law as they apply to the practicing	6. Complete an incident report related to an error in patient care
medical assistant 7. Define:	
a. negligence	
b. malpractice	
c. statute of limitationsd. Good Samaritan Act(s)	
d. Good Samaritan Act(s) e. Uniform Anatomical Gift Act	
f. living will/advanced directives	
g. medical durable power of attorney	
h. Patient Self Determination Act (PSDA)	
i. risk management	
8. Identify the purpose of medical malpractice insurance	
9. Identify legal and illegal applicant interview questions	
10. Identify:	
a. Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical	
Health (HITECH) Act	
 b. Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (GINA) 	
c. Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act	
(ADAAA)	
11. Identify the process in compliance reporting:	
a. unsafe activities	
b. errors in patient care	
c. conflicts of interest	
d. incident reports	
12. Identify compliance with public health statutes related to:	
a. communicable diseases	
b. abuse, neglect, and exploitation	
c. wounds of violence	
13. Define the following medical legal terms:	
a. informed consent	
b. implied consent	
c. expressed consent	
d. patient incompetence	
e. emancipated minor	

- f. mature minor
- g. subpoena duces tecum

- Identify workplace safeguards
 Identify safety techniques that can be used in responding to accidental exposure to:
 - a. blood
 - b. other body fluidsc. needle sticks

 - d. chemicals
- 3. Identifdentifdentifdentifdæ

AFFECTIVE SKILLS

The affective competencies listed below can be bundled with any of the psychomotor competencies included in the curriculum. The goal is to provide opportunities for Program Directors to develop assessment tools creatively and focus on incorporating the affective behaviors with any psychomotor skill that involves interacting with a patient. These behavioral competencies are important to the development of communication skills and professional behavior in the field of medical assisting. The students will need to achieve all the affective competences, but they can do so using several different skills. There are examples in the incorporation of these affective skills.

A.1	Demonstrate critical thinking skills
A.2	Reassure patients
A.3	